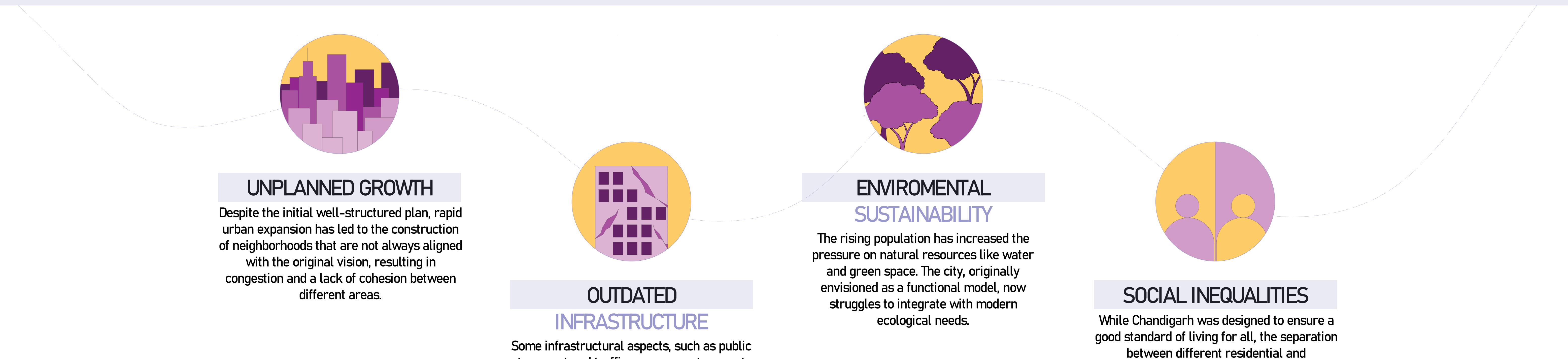
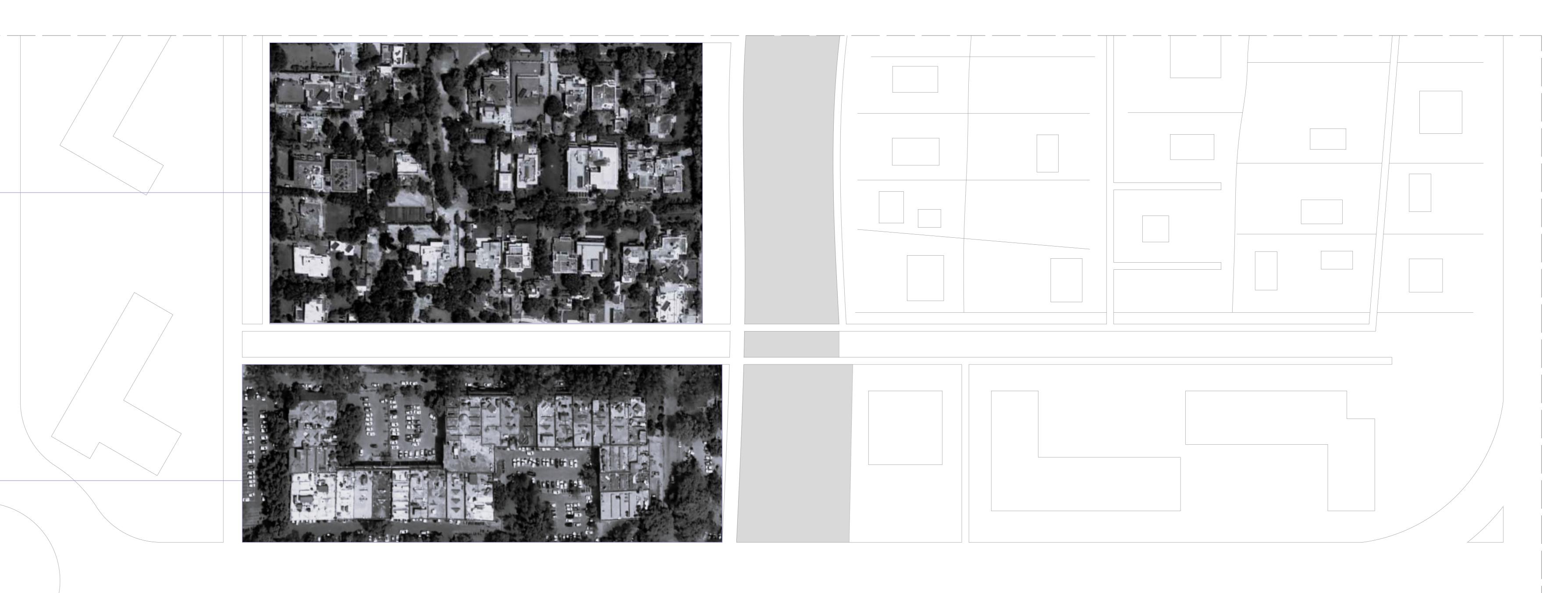
CHANDIGARH 2050 - CITY PROJECT

A new city plan for Chandigarh might be necessary to address the challenges related to demographic growth, urbanization, and the contemporary needs for sustainability and functionality. Designed by Pierre Jeanneret and Le Corbusier in the 1950s, Chandigarh is an example of modern urban planning. However, the city now faces numerous issues due to the evolution of its social, economic, and environmental dynamics. The main problems with the current layout include:

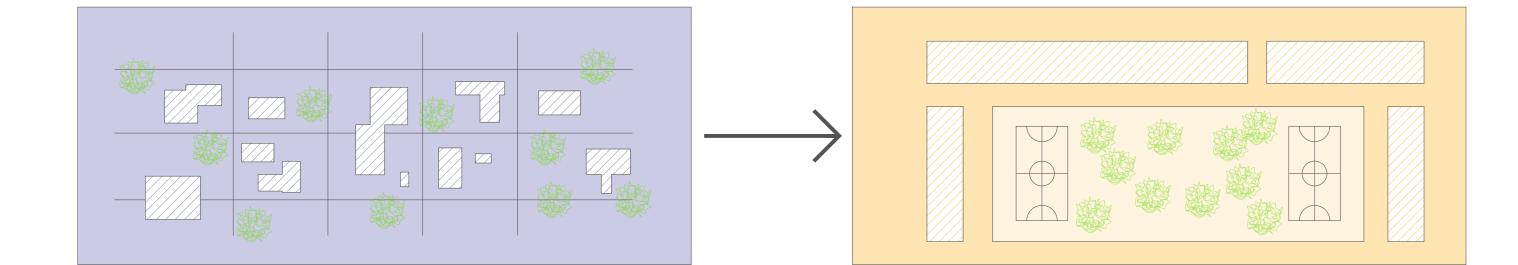


commercial zones has created social fragmentation, which can be seen as an obstacle to inclusion and accessibility.

transport and traffic management, are not sufficiently developed to meet the growing needs of the population. The road system, although well-designed, suffers from congestion due to the increasing number of vehicles.

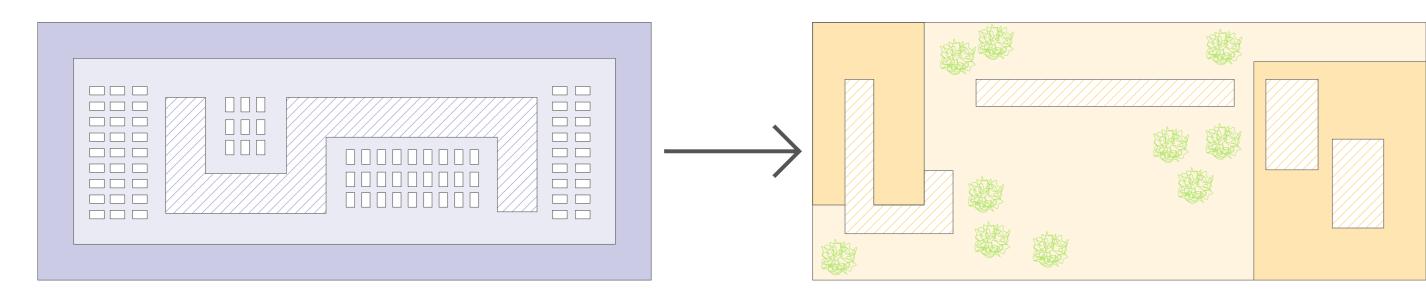






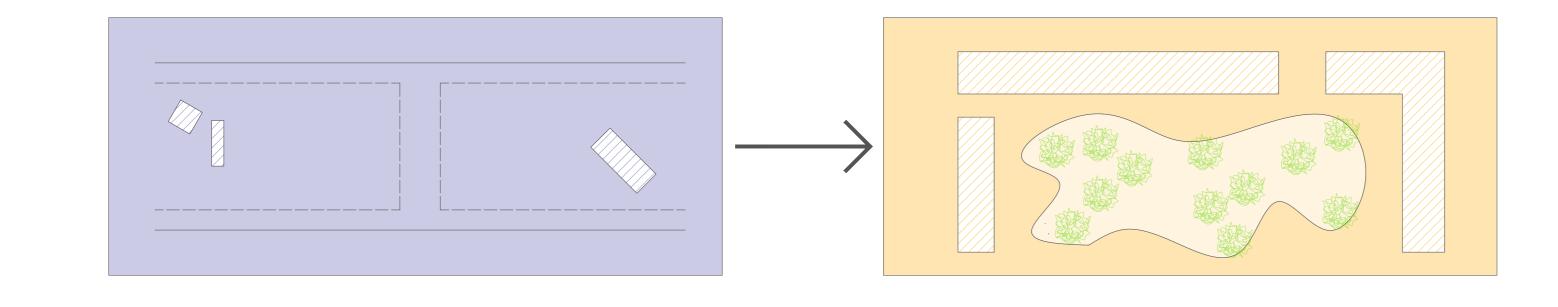
This solution aims to optimize available space, promoting higher housing density without compromising quality of life fostering a more cohesive and sustainable community.

redevelopment of public spaces



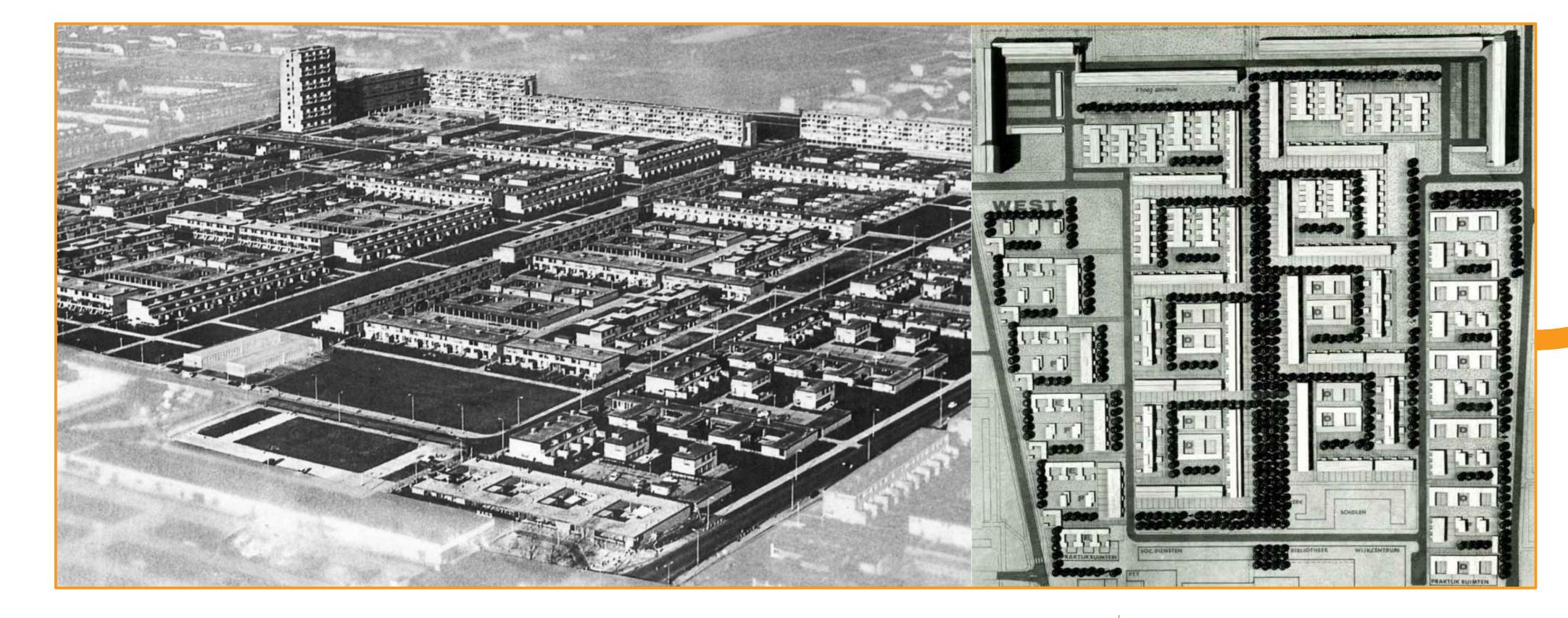
The redevelopment of public spaces aims to transform neglected urban areas into livable and functional places, fostering harmonious integration with residential zones, an urban model that meets citizens' needs.

redevelopment of unused spaces

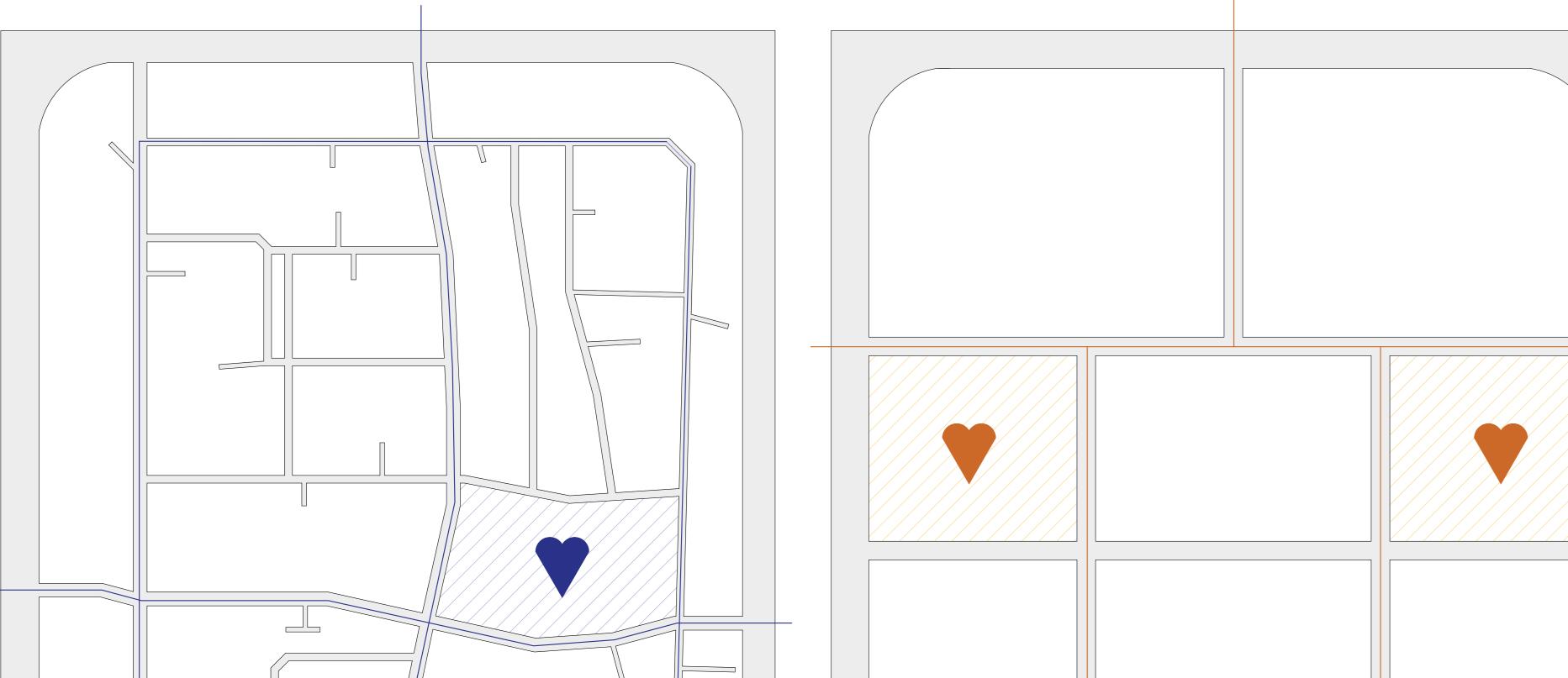


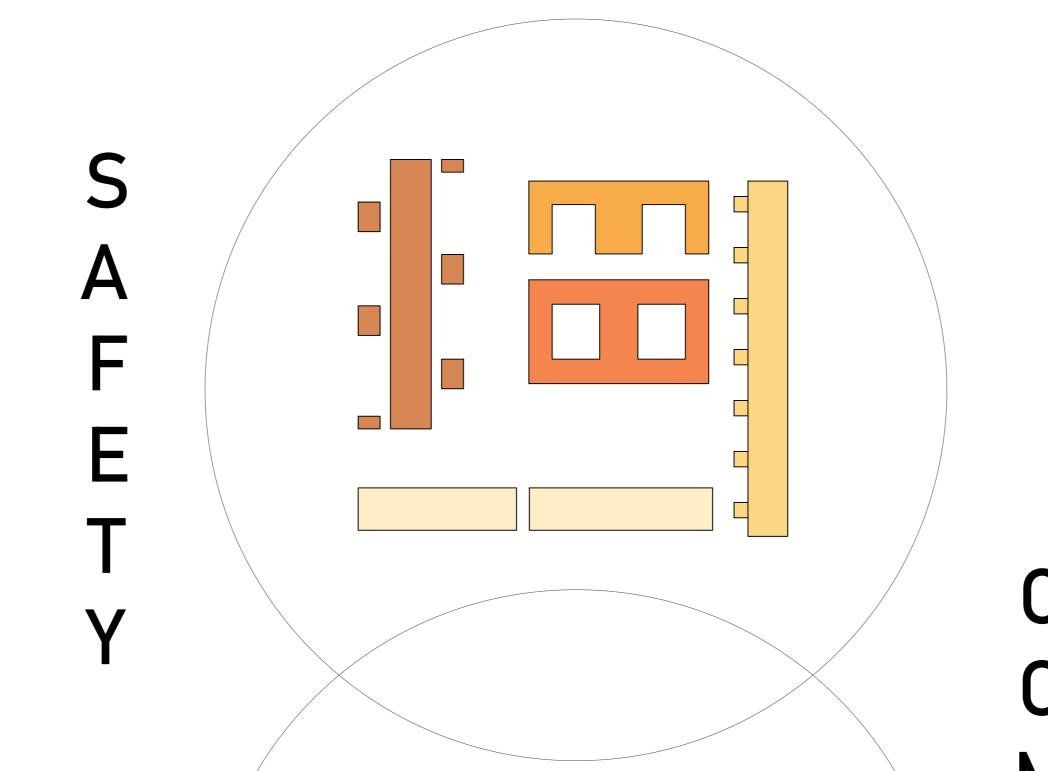


These interventions transform abandoned or underutilized areas into dynamic and functional places; this not only helps reduce urban decay but also stimulates the local economy and strengthens citizens' sense of belonging.



The urban plan emphasizes *social cohesion and livability*. The homes, arranged in circular groups encourage interaction among residents. Large green spaces and a network of shared amenities, such as playgrounds and community centers, reflect the goal of creating a *harmonious and inclusive environment*, suitable for families and people of all ages.

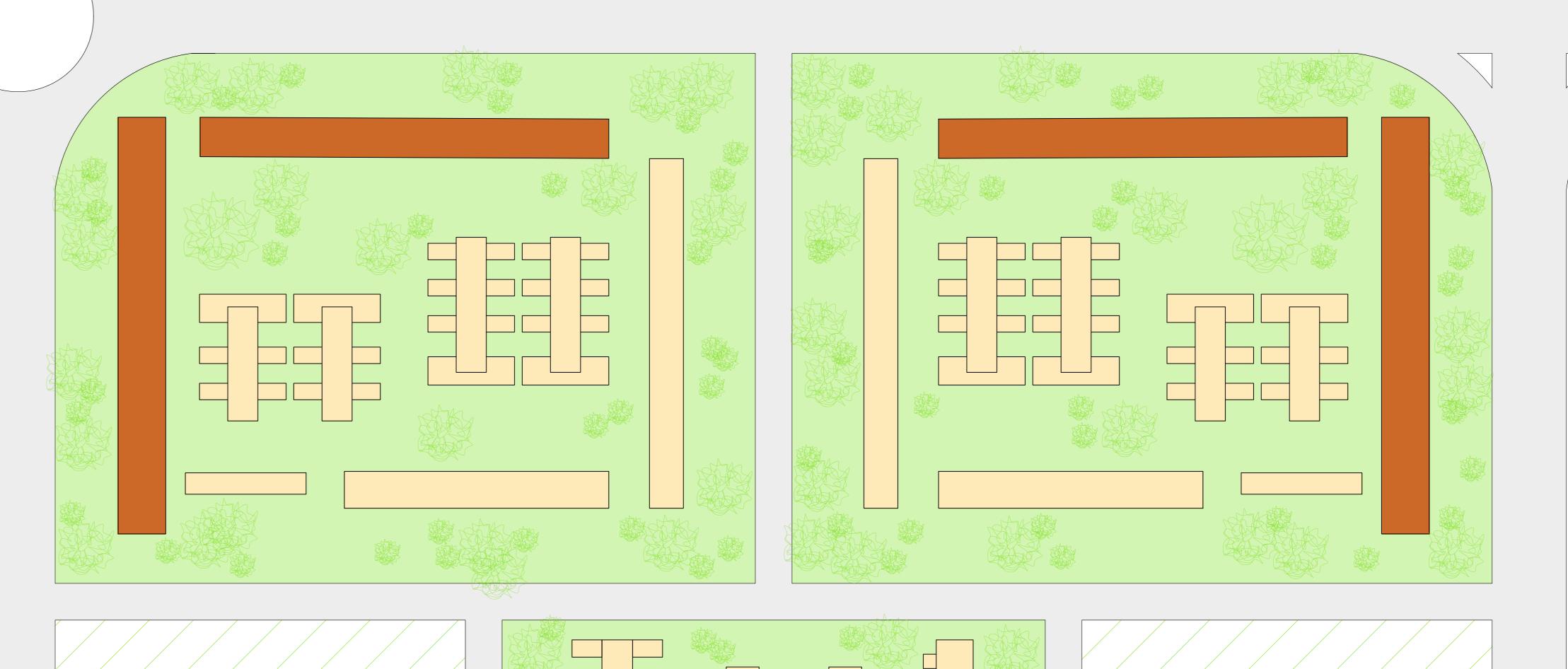


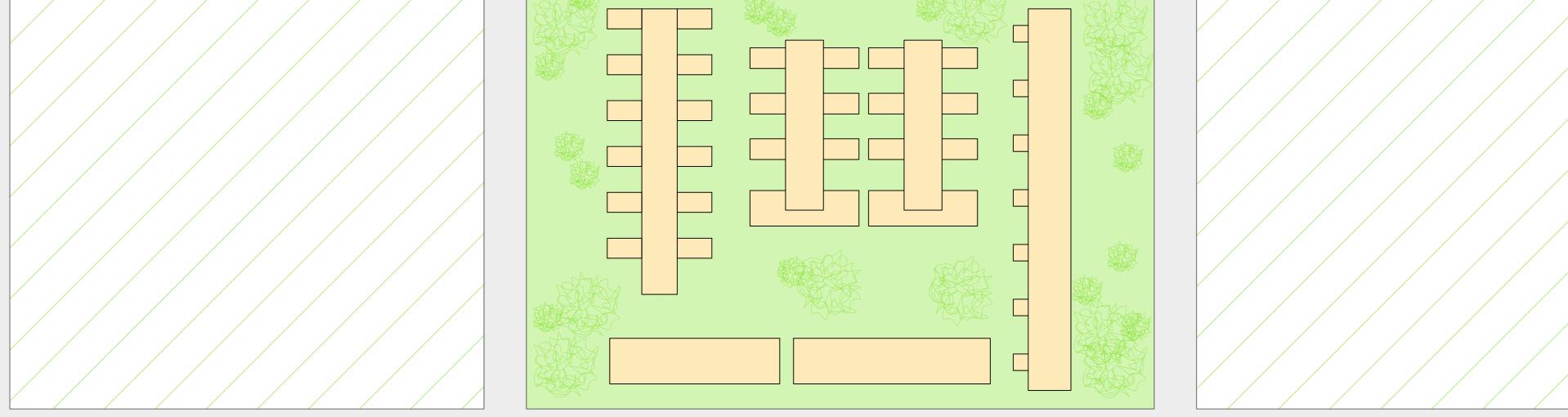


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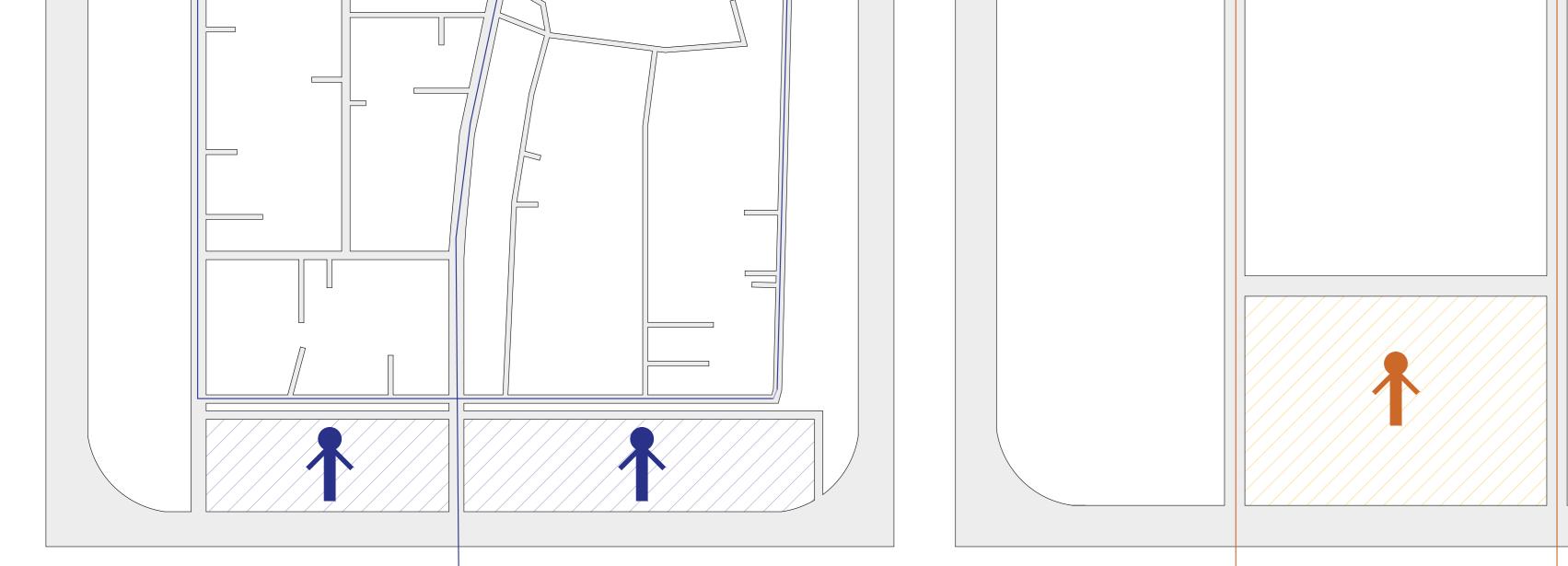
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A NEW URBAN FABRIC, THE REORGANIZATION OF SPACES.

"Redesigning the street network to enhance mobility, safety, and urban sustainability."

"Reorganizing public spaces means transforming cities into more inclusive and livable places, where community and nature come together."